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7/20/98

MRID No. 444577-31

DATA EVALUATION RECORD § 72-2 - ACUTE EC₅₀ TEST WITH A FRESHWATER INVERTEBRATE

1. CHEMICAL: Prohexadione Calcium PC Code No.: 112600

2. TEST MATERIAL: BX-112 Purity: 93.3%

3. CITATION:

Authors: M.T. Douglas, R.W.S. Hall, and I.A.

Macdonald

Title: The Acute Toxicity of BX-112 to Daphnia

magna

Study Completion Date: February 3, 1997

Laboratory: Huntingdon Research Centre Ltd.,

Cambridgeshire, England

Sponsor: BASF Corporation, Research Triangle Park,

NC

<u>Laboratory Report ID</u>: KCI 37(c)/90531

MRID No.: 444577-31 DP Barcode: D245631

4. REVIEWED BY: Karl Bullock, M.S., Environmental Scientist,

Golder Associates Inc.

signature: Kal bullah

Date: 7/7/98

APPROVED BY: Pim Kosalwat, Ph.D., Senior Scientist,

Golder Associates Inc.

Bignature: P. Kosalwat

Date: 7/7/98

5. APPROVED BY:

Signature:

Date:

6. STUDY PARAMETERS:

Age of Test Organism: Definitive Test Duration: ≤24 hours
48 hours

Study Method:

Static

Type of Concentrations:

Mean measured

7. CONCLUSIONS: This study is scientifically sound and fulfills the guideline requirements. The 48-hour EC₅₀ value of >100 ppm nominal (>90.0 ppm ai mean measured concentration) classifies BX-112 as practically non-toxic to Daphnia magna. The NOEC was determined to be 90.0 ppm ai.



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Type of Concentrations: Mean measured

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classifies BX-112 as practically non-toxic to *Daphnia magna*. The NOEC was determined to be 90.0 ppm ai.

Results Synopsis

 EC_{50} : >90.0 ppm ai

95% C.I.: N/A

NOEC: 90.0 ppm ai

Probit Slope: N/A

8. ADEQUACY OF THE STUDY:

A. Classification: Core.

B. Rationale: Fulfills the guideline requirements.

C. Repairability: N/A.

9. GUIDELINE DEVIATIONS:

- 1. The reported hardness (350 mg/L as CaCO₃) and pH (7.8-8.4) were higher than recommended (hardness: 40 200 mg/L as CaCO₃; pH: 7.2-7.6).
- 2. Dilution water was dechlorinated tap water.
- 3. Temperature was measured at test initiation and daily thereafter; guideline protocol recommends continuous temperature monitoring.
- 4. The test concentration was slightly below the required 100 ppm ai.

10. SUBMISSION PURPOSE:

11. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

A. Test Organisms

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
<u>Species</u> Preferred species is <i>Daphnia</i> magna	Daphnia magna
All organisms are approximately the same size and weight?	Not reported



Guideline Criteria	Reported Information	
Life Stage Daphnids: 1 st instar (<24 h). Amphipods, stoneflies, and mayflies: 2 nd instar. Midges: 2 nd & 3 rd instar.	1 st instar (≤24 h)	
Supplier	In-house culture originating from IRCHA, France	
All organisms from the same source?	Yes	

B. Source/Acclimation

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information		
Acclimation Period Minimum 7 days	Cultures were maintained under conditions similar to testing.		
Wild caught organisms were quarantined for 7 days?	N/A		
Were there signs of disease or injury?	Not reported		
If treated for disease, was there no sign of the disease remaining during the 48 hours prior to testing?	N/A		
Feeding No feeding during the study.	No feeding during the study		
Pretest Mortality No more than 3% mortality 48 hours prior to testing.	Not reported		

C. <u>Test System</u>

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information		
Source of dilution water Soft reconstituted water or water from a natural source, not dechlorinated tap water.	Dechlorinated and aged tap water		

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information		
Does water support test animals without observable signs of stress?	Yes		
Water Temperature Daphnia: 20°C Amphipods and mayflies: 17°C Midges and mayflies: 22°C Stoneflies: 12°C	21.0°C		
pH Prefer 7.2 to 7.6.	7.8 - 8.4		
Dissolved Oxygen Static: ≥ 60% during 1 st 48 h and ≥ 40% during 2 nd 48 h, flow-through: ≥ 60%.	≥83% during the test		
Total Hardness Prefer 40 to 200 mg/L as CaCO ₃ .	$350~\text{mg/L}$ as CaCO_3		
Test Aquaria 1. Material: Glass or stainless steel. 2. Size: 250 mL (daphnids and midges) or 3.9 L (1 gal). 3. Fill volume: 200 mL (daphnids and midges) or 2-3 L.	Glass Not reported 200 mL		
Type of Dilution System Must provide reproducible supply of toxicant.	N/A		
Flow Rate Consistent flow rate of 5-10 vol/24 hours, meter systems calibrated before study and checked twice daily during test period.	N/A		
Biomass Loading Rate Static: ≤ 0.8 g/L at ≤ 17°C, ≤ 0.5 g/L at > 17°C; flow- through: ≤ 1 g/L/day.	One daphnid per 20 mL of solution.		
<pre>Photoperiod 16 hours light, 8 hours dark.</pre>	16 hours light, 8 hours dark		



Guideline Criteria	Reported Information		
Solvents Not to exceed 0.5 mL/L for static tests or 0.1 mL/L for flow-through tests.	None		

D. Test Design

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information		
Range Finding Test If EC ₅₀ >100 mg/L, then no definitive test is required.	No range-finding test was conducted.		
Nominal Concentrations of Definitive Test Control & 5 treatment levels; a geometric series with each concentration being at least 60% of the next higher one.	Negative control and 100 mg/I (93.3 mg ai/L).		
Number of Test Organisms Minimum 20/level, may be divided among containers.	40 per level, 10 per replicate		
Test organisms randomly or impartially assigned to test vessels?	Yes		
<pre>Water Parameter Measurements 1. Temperature Measured continuously or, if water baths are used, every 6 h, may not vary > 1°C. 2. DO and pH Measured at beginning of test and ever 48 h in the high, medium, and low doses and in the control.</pre>	Temperature was measured at test initiation, at 24 hours, and at test termination. DO and pH were measured at test initiation and termination.		

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information	
Chemical Analysis Needed if solutions were aerated, if chemical was volatile, insoluble, or known to absorb, if precipitate formed, if containers were not steel or glass, or if flowthrough system was used	Solutions were collected at 0 and 48 hours and analyzed using HPLC.	

12. REPORTED RESULTS:

A. General Results

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information		
Quality assurance and GLP compliance statements were included in the report?	Yes		
Control Mortality Static: ≤10% Flow-through: ≤5%	0% mortality in the control		
Percent Recovery of Chemical	Range 92 - 100%		
Raw data included?	Yes		

Mortality/Immobilization

Nominal Concentration	Mean measured Numbe Concentration of			lve Number lle/Dead
(mg ai/L)	(mg ai/L) (mg ai/L) I	Daphnids	24-hr	48-hr
Control	<0.25	40	0	0
93.3	90.0	40	0	0

Other Significant Results: No sublethal signs of toxicity were reported.

B. Statistical Results:

Method: Visual observation

48-hr EC_{50} : >100 mg/L 95% C.I.: N/A

Probit Slope: N/A NOEC: 100 mg/L



13. VERIFICATION OF STATISTICAL RESULTS:

Method: Visual observation

48-hr EC_{50} : >90.0 ppm ai 95% C.I.: N/A

Probit Slope: N/A NOEC: 90.0 ppm ai

14. REVIEWER'S COMMENTS: This study is scientifically sound, fulfills the guideline requirements, and can be classified as Core. Although the test material was not tested up to 100 ppm ai, the reviewer does not believe that increasing the concentration by 10 ppm ai would have changed the outcome of this study. The 48-hour EC₅₀ for Daphnia magna exposed to BX-112 was >100 ppm nominal or >90.0 ppm ai mean measured concentration, which classifies BX-112 as practically nontoxic to the daphnid. The NOEC was determined to be 90.0 ppm ai.